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Back to School Picnic

- How do you start a new school year?
- Read the letter and say who are welcome to the picnic.

Dear pupils, You are welcome to Back to School Picnic on Friday, September 2. Let's meet at 5:00 p.m. in our school park. Your mums and dads, sisters, and brothers are welcome too. Take your water bottles, blankets or chairs. Join us for a night of fun, games, and more! Please bring your picnic dinner and drinks for you and your family.
Please bring desserts or fruit to share. This is a great way to kick off the school year, see old friends and make new ones! your English teacher, 6:52 Jag Greenspon

back	/bæk/	atgal
a picnic	/ə 'pıknık/	iškyla
a pupil	/ə 'pju:pl/	mokinys

September	/səp'tembə/	rugsėjis
a bottle	/ə 'bɒtl/	butelis
a blanket	/ə 'blænkıt/	antklodė

Rokas: It's a great idea to have a picnic at the start of a new school year.

Rusnė: Yes, that's fantastic!

Marius: Our teacher is super! I want to meet

with my friends.

Liepa: To meet friends and have fun!

Rokas: I can't wait for Friday!

Jonas: I can't wait for barbecue and... jam tarts.

My mum makes delicious jam tarts! They are my favourite. Yum-yum!







■ The sentences below are wrong. Correct them.

- 1) Welcome to Back to School Picnic on Saturday, September 2.
- 2 Let's meet at 7:00 p.m. in our schoolyard.
- (3) I want to meet with my cousins.
- 4 My mum makes delicious cakes.
- (5) Take your juice bottles, blankets or chairs.
- **6** Your mums and dads, aunts and uncles are welcome too.

/ˈdɪnə/	pietūs
/ə 'drıŋk/	gėrimas
/ə dı'z3:t/	desertas
/ə 'fru:t/	vaisius
/ʃeə(r)/	dalyti(s)
	/ə 'drıŋk/ /ə dı'zɜ:t/ /ə 'fru:t/

jam	/dʒæm/	uogienė
a tart	/ə 'ta:t/	vaisinis pyragas / pyragaitis
delicious	/dı'lıʃəs/	skanus
favourite	/'feɪvərɪt/	mėgstamas



Enjoy







Ask your friend to find 4 new words in the text and read the sentences.



10

A: A blanket



B: Take your water bottles, blankets or chairs.

2 Yummy grammar.

PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE

l play	l don't play	Do I play?
You play	You don't play	Do you play?
He play <mark>s</mark>	He doesn't play	Does he play?
She play <mark>s</mark>	She doesn't play	Does she play?
It plays	It doesn't play	Does it play?
We play	We don't play	Do we play?
They play	They don't play	Do they play?

3 Say the right forms of the verbs.

My day usually ... (start) early. I always ... (get up) at six o'clock, but my brother ... (get up) at seven o'clock. I ... (go) to the bathroom. I ... (wash) my face with cold water and ... (brush) my teeth. My mother ... (give) me an apple and a banana. Then I ... (run) to the bus stop to catch the bus. My school ... (start) at eight o'clock. After school I ... (go) home with my brother and we ... (have) dinner together. At half past nine we ... (go) to bed.





Tell about John's daily routine.

A: John gets up at 7:30. He goes ...

In the morning • get up at 7:30 • go to the bathroom • have tea • go to school

ohn

In the afternoon

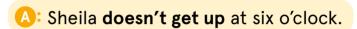
· have lunch at school · go home at 1:30 · do his homework

In the evening

· read books · watch films on Youtube · go to bed at 9:30

Make negative sentences.

have five lessons



1 Sheila **gets** up at six o'clock. 2 My mother and father **have** bananas in the morning. 3 They **have** English lessons on Friday. 4 Mark **does** his homework every day. 5 My sister **writes** nice stories. 6 I **read** books in the evening. 7 We **go** to bed at half past nine. 8 I **like** apple jam.

Talk with your friend.

you / get up at 6:00

A: Do you get up at six o'clock?

B: No, I don't.

1 your mother and father / ride a bike 2 your grandma / make jam tarts 3 your grandpa / work at the hospital 4 you and your friends / go to school on Saturday 5 you and your family / live in a big house 6 your friend / come to your home after school 7 you / clean your room every Saturday 8 your cousin / have a picnic on Sunday

0

7 Let's sing.



What do you do every day?

Every day, every day.

What do you do every day?

I get up and smile for Mum,

I wash my face and then I comb,

I have breakfast and make fun

With my dad and with my mum.

Ooohhoo, yes. Every day...

What is getting better?

What does she do every day? (x 2)
Every day, every day.
What does she do every day?
She gets up and smiles for Mum,
She washes her face and then she combs,
She has breakfast and makes fun

With her dad and with her mum.

Ooohhoo, yes. Every day...







Jonas Can Tell a Lot about...

- What interesting places do you know in Lithuania?
- What was Jonas's favourite museum?



Last summer Jonas and his family were on tour around Lithuania. Everything was so interesting! And the Kernavė museum was awesome!!! Now at school he is telling his classmates about the museum.

Teacher Jaq: Jonas, I know that early humans were on the Earth about

2 million years ago. Can I ask you a question?

Were there humans in Lithuania 2 million years ago?

Jonas: No. Early humans were in Lithuania about 10 or 13 thousand

years ago.

Liepa: Was their life easy then?

Jonas: It was not so hard because there was fire and tools.

Rusnė: Were there houses then?

Jonas: No, there weren't. Tree leaves, animal skin or fur tents were

their homes.

Liepa: Were there clothes for people?

Jonas: Yes, there were. Their clothes were animal skin and fur.

Rokas: And their food was...?

Jonas: Their food was meat of animals and birds. They hunted them

with sharp stone or bone tools. There were a lot of fish in the

rivers and berries in the forests.

Liepa: Were there any tame animals at that time?

Jonas: Oops, I have to check it on the Internet!

Teacher Jaq: Great, Jonas. It's so interesting! You can tell a lot about

early humans!



awesome	/'ɔ:səm/	nuostabus
a human	/ə 'hju:mən/	žmogus
ask	/a:sk/	klausti
a question	/ə 'kwest∫ən/	klausimas
Earth	/3:θ/	Žemė (planeta)
a million	/ə 'mıljən/	milijonas
ago	/ə'gəʊ/	prieš (apie laiką)



Find information that matches the questions.

- 1) Were there clothes for people?
- 2 Was their life easy then?
- 3 Were there any tame animals at that time?
- 4 Were there humans in Lithuania 2 million years ago?
- (A) Oops, I have to check it on the Internet!
- (B) Their clothes were animal skin and fur.
- © Early humans were in Lithuania about 10 or 13 thousand years ago.
- D It was not so hard because there was fire and tools.

a life	/ə 'laıf/	gyvenimas
hard	/ha:d/	sunkus
a tool	/ə 'tu:l/	įrankis
skin	/skın/	oda
a leaf (leaves)	/ə 'li:f (li:vz)/	lapas (lapai) (medžio)
clothes	/kləʊðz/	drabužiai
a berry	/ə 'beri/	uoga



Enjoy







Ask your friend to find 4 new words in the text and read the sentences.





B: Their clothes were animal skin and fur.

Yummy grammar.

Was I?	Were we?
Was he?	Were you?
Was she?	Were they?
Was it?	Yes, were.
Yes, was.	No, weren't.
No, was <mark>n't</mark> .	

Choose was or were. Ask your friends.

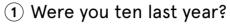
- 1 ... you in the cinema yesterday?
- (2) ... your best friend in Great Britain last year?
- (3) How old ... Tim last year? ... he nine or ten?
- (4) ... your aunt and your mum in the market on Saturday?
- (5) ... the book interesting?

Finish the sentences.

- 1) I was at school yesterday but you weren't.
- (2) He was at home yesterday but we
- (3) You were at the gym on Saturday but Sally
- (4) I was at school yesterday but you
- (5) He was at home yesterday but we

Ask your friends.

- A: Were you happy yesterday?
- B: Yes, I was.



- (2) Was your mum in Italy last spring?
- (3) Was your best friend on the playground last Saturday?
- (4) Were you late for school the day before yesterday?
- (5) Were you at school yesterday?
- (6) Were you and your friends in the park last Wednesday?

Change the sentences into Past Simple.

A: You are here.

B: You were here.

- 1 I am not in the canteen.
- (2) Is your hair short?
- 3 The weather is good.
- (4) We are tired.
- (5) It is not sunny.
- 6 Are your clothes dirty?



Let's rap.



London, London... Was he in London? Yes, he was.



Brussels, Brussels... Was she in Brussels? Yes, she was.

What is getting better?



Oslo, Oslo... Were you in Oslo? Yes, I was.



Paris, Paris... Were they in Paris? No, they weren't.







Project work Countries and Their Capitals.

Great Britain is on a big island. Its flag is red, white and blue. Sondon is its capital. Everyone knows a tall tower with a big clock and a bell-Big Ben.

Lithuania is in Europe. Its capital is Vilnius. Its flag is yellow, green and red. Lithuania is famous for basketball.

France is a big country. It is in Europe. Its flag is blue, white and red. Its capital is baris. Everyone knows the Eiffel Tower in Paris.

Italy is a beautiful big country in Europe. It looks like a boat on the map. Its flag is green, white and red. Rome is its capital. There are a lot of famous ancient buildings in Rome.

Greece is in Europe too. Its capital is Athens. Its flag is blue and white like the wows in the sea. Greece is famous for the Olympic Games.

Japan is a country on the island. It is not in Europe. Tokyo is its capital. Its flag is white with the red sun. People say a new day in the world starts in Japan.



Grammar project work Singular and Plural.





Project work Fruits and Vegetables.









neach



red currant

gooseberry







VEGETABLES





Project work Domestic Animals in Lithuania.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS IN LITHUANIA



DOGS

Dogs one very friendly animals. They like playing with balls, sticks or cats. They need to get a walk three times a day.



Cows are big animals. They live on the farm. They are not vory friendly. They eat grass and drink water. Cows give us milk.



Cats are small animals. They unally live with people. Cats like to catch mice. They don't like to swim. Cats like playing with roods, mice. They are so cute.



HENS

Hens are firds. They have got wings but they can't fly. They lay eggs. Hens eat corn, bread, grass and drink water. We can decorate eggs on Easter Day

Lesson 13

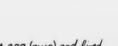
Grammar project work Irregular Verbs.





Project work Dinosaurs.





Dinosaurs appeared on Earth about 230 million years ago (mya) and lived on it for about 165 million years.

When there was only one continent, the climate was dry and worm or even hot. I mall fast dinosaurs appeared.

Some where about 50 centimetres long.

Then the continent broke in two. The climate was wet and worm. The trees were huge and looked like jungle plants. Huge dinosaurs and flying pterosaurs appeared on Earth. Some dinosaurs were about 25 mitres long. Some were about 3 metres tall.

They could be very heavy.

They could be very heavy.

Later there were lots of dinosaures on Earth.

Some dinosaurs are plants and leaves, some ate meat. Huge dinosaurs hunted small dinosaurs. Small dinosaurs hunted insects and small animals.

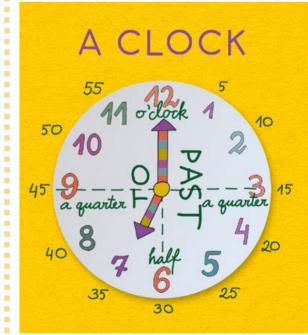


Some dinosaws moved very fast, some moved very slowly. Some could fly, some could swim and some could run.

all dinosaws disappeared about 65 mya.



Project work A Clock.



Accepting apologies



How to answer

Can you help me?

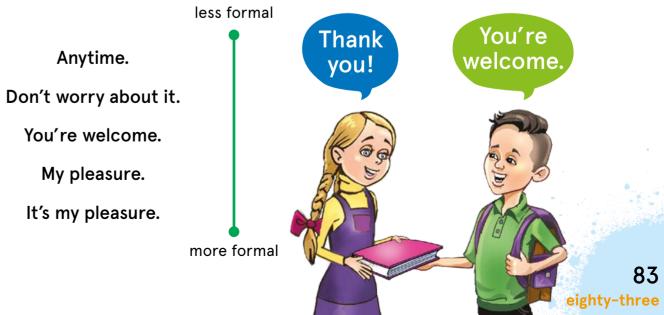


Sure. Of course. I'd love to. No problem. I'd be happy to (help). I'd be glad to (help out).

I'm afraid I can't. Sorry, but I cant't (+ verb).



Responses to thank you



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